

THE GUTHRIE DAILY LEADER

VOLUME XLVIII

HOME

GUTHRIE, OKLAHOMA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1916.

PRICE 2c

NUMBER 85

GERMANS DRIVE ALLIES BACK ON TWO FRONTS

ROMANIANS IN FULL FLIGHT
WITH TEUTONS IN CLOSE
PURSUIT

SECOND ARMY SENT INTO TRANSYLVANIA DECIMATED

FRENCH AND ENGLISH DRIV-
EN BACK AT BAPAUME
AND SMALLEY, WITH LOSS

(By Associated Press)

(BULLETIN)

Berlin, Oct 16.—The Rumanian second army is retreating in a panic in Transylvania, after having lost approximately two divisions, says the Overseas news agency. The first army and a large part of the second have been virtually annihilated, the report declared. Transylvania now is clear of Rumanians except in small sections near the border.

**Teutonic Pressure Strong
Against Ferdinand's Men.**

London, Oct 16.—Entente pressure against the Rumanians in Transylvania continued today unabated, according to official reports, and at one point at least Ferdinand's forces have been driven within its own territories. The Rumanians, however, are making a determined stand at Eusau, seven miles south of the border.

Teutons thrusting through Torzburger pass and there today in the direction of Bucharest, which is seventy-five miles distant.

The entente powers are keeping up the unrelenting drive on the Somme. The French resumed the offensive last night north of the river, penetrating a German position and pushing up to the very edge of Bapaume road. The bombing continues fiercely. The British report the shelling of the German attacks near the newly won positions in the vicinity of the Schwaben redoubt.

(Continued on Page F-1.)



CADY-CATCHER.

STENGEL

PANCHO VILLA TO JOIN FORCES WITH FELIX DIAZ FINE WEATHER ADDS 10 PER CENT PANDIT LEADER IS FORCING PEONS TO JOIN HIS ARMY

TWO NEGROES ARE HANGED AND THEN BURNED BY MOB

ONE HAD ATTACKED WHITE WOMAN; OTHER VOICED APPROVAL OF ACT

(By Associated Press)
(BULLETIN)

COTTON SHOWS SURPRISING GAIN OVER ESTIMATE;

FIELD CROPS ALL GOOD

APPROVAL OF ACT

Philippines, Oct 16.—A report reached here today that Villa now has an army of well-trained troops and they are well armed, mounted and equipped. The army is moving northward and there is a rumor that it will be joined by the Diaz faction. A concerted move will then be made against Carranza.

Villa is forcing men to join his command under threat of having their families killed if they comply with his demands, a document which has been received at General Trespiano headquarters and signed by Villa.

(Continued on Page F-1.)

SECOND REGISTRATION PERIOD BEGINS TUESDAY

COUNTY REGISTRARS ARE IN-
STRUCTED AS TO THE LAW
BY ATTORNEY GENERAL

NOT MUCH LEASING NOW IN OIL FIELD

BUT IF THE PRESENT PRICE OF
OIL "STICKS," OIL BUSINESS
WILL LIVEN UP

APPROVAL OF ACT

England, Oct 16.—All the election precincts of Oklahoma recorded from the state election board copies of an opinion by the attorney general as to the working of the new election law, especially in reference to the 1914 voters and the supplemental registration period that begins Oct 17 and continues for ten days. It is 1914 that precinct registrars who failed to issue certificates last spring to men who voted in 1914 in those precincts may still issue such certificates if the electors reside in the precincts where they voted in 1914. If they reside in other precincts the certificate may be issued and transferred to the precinct of present residence.

A qualified voter of 1914 who did not vote that year and who was refused a certificate in the May registration period, is not entitled to receive a certificate in the coming supplemental period.

No person may register in the coming period who failed to register during the periods that have passed since the law went into effect. The law makes no provision for such persons ever getting a registration certificate.

These interpretations of the law are not new and the findings made official by the attorney general and being sent out are plain in the text of the law.

There has been considerable misconception, however, as to the rights of voters to register or to vote without registration. None may register save persons who have become qualified voters since the registration period closed. There may be men who have since established residence or become of age.

(Continued on Page Three.)

British and French Lose.

Berlin, Oct 16.—The British to-day penetrated German positions northeast of Geismoset, thirty miles south of Bapaume, but the ground was recaptured, it is announced. The French were driven back after attacking near Salla. The day was decidedly in favor of the Germans on all fronts.

Many Allied Airships Lost.

Berlin, Oct 16.—Twenty-one French and fifty-three British aeroplanes were shot down by the Germans during September, according to the Overseas news agency, which says the statement shows the worth of Premier Asquith's declaration that the British had gained domination of the air.

EATING FRUIT CAUSES
BLOOD POISON EPIDEMIC

(By Associated Press)

London, Oct 16.—According to an Amsterdam dispatch, a remarkable disease, considered to be blood poison, is caused by the continuous eating of preserved foods. The disease has broken out in every large city in Germany.

MEN OF 63 ARE
CALLED BY KAISER

London, Oct 16.—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent quotes their Tagblatt correspondent to the effect that examination of the military classes of 1870 to 1875 (men between the ages of 58 and 63) will take place this month in the province of Brandenburg in which Berlin is situated. The dispatch says an order refers to all those who have previously been declared unfit for military service.

STENGEL MAKING FIRST RUN FOR BROOKLYN

ALLIES' GREAT OFFENSIVE ON WEST IS FAILURE

BALKAN SUCCESS SHOWS GERMANY AND HER ALLIES STILL STRONG

RUMANIA IS BURDEN FOR ENTENTE POWERS

MILITARY CRITIC SAYS RU- MANIANS WERE SO CRADLY DEFEATED THEY NO LONGER FIGURE.

Berlin, Oct 16.—The warfarers are pleased. In answer to the news of General Galli's last line of the results of the Anglo-French offensive in the Somme and also in reviewing the situation the Allies' troops, the British critics of the Entente powers seem official laurels well.

Such as General Joffre and General Haig took full credit for saving the Allies from a serious defeat. The critics of the results of the battle which, above all, have been saved, say more than three months ago published a few days ago in the British newspaper *Advertiser* a view curiously similar to that taken by the Powers' spokesman. Who subjected the world to such a severe blow?

The British general says: "The uninterrupted systematic pressure of the Entente armies must really exhaust the morale and material forces of the central powers, especially as to the existing reserves of war material." British Strategy Fails.

This so-called strategy of wearing out their enemies, thus which a great deal of the war was expected, has accomplished very little as far as the central powers who still have such forces at their disposal that they are able to carry out their offensive. Thus it is evident that their resources cannot be exhausted but rather those over-staffed exist in considerable abundance.

The electric batteries, by three hours in the Balkans and in Transylvania after the heavy fighting on the Somme and in Picardy further prove that their morale cannot be broken by systematic pressure but rather must have been uplifted. That Guy de Maupassant said the others are when others tremble like the leaves when the wind comes, when the others tremble like the leaves when the wind comes.

Followed by a crowd estimated at six thousand they were taken to the home of the woman who was attacked. The woman identified one and both were hanged and their bodies burned in a brush pile.

Conditions last week were good for harvesting fall crops, wheat and grain, clear weather prevailing according to the weekly crop and weather bulletins issued by the weather bureau. Very little rain fell during the week and according to the report several rains throughout the state would suffice next month.

Chargings cruelty and abandonment Esther Williams today began her trial before a jury of twelve women. The couple were married in 1914. Three children resulted from the union. Two of the children are dead, the remaining child and the mother who the court has given custody.

Williams' husband, George A. Williams, 32, was accused of abandoning his wife and their two children.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.

Williams' lawyer, Mrs. Anna M. McKeon, told the court that her client was accused of infidelity and that she had been separated from her husband for about two years.